## **Chill Out**

## Use these tips for freezing, thawing, and refrigerating foods.

**Freeze foods safely.** Freeze foods for later in the month. Pull them out when you don't have time to cook.

- 1. Cool all foods safely in the fridge first. This speeds up freezing and helps retain the natural color, flavor, and texture of food.
- 2. Freeze food in portions you will use at one time.
- 3. Seal the food to keep moisture out. Use plastic wrap, freezer bags, or plastic containers.
- 4. Label your package. Write the type of food and date it was made.
- 5. Keep freezer at 0°F or lower so food stays safe.

**Thaw foods safely.** Never thaw foods on the counter at room temperature.

- Refrigerator. Place food on the lowest shelf until it is no longer frozen. It will then keep for 2 to 5 days.
- Cold water. Submerge the food, packed in an airtight container or a leak-proof bag, in cold water. Change the water every 30 minutes to keep thawing. Cook foods defrosted in cold water right after thawing.
- Microwave. Cook microwave-defrosted foods right after thawing. Some parts of the food may have started to cook while defrosting.



**Store foods safely.** Keep food from spoiling or becoming unsafe to eat. Use within the time listed or freeze right away. The timelines below are for best quality.

Product	Refrigerator (40°F)	Freezer (0°F)
Fresh eggs, in shell	3 to 5 weeks	Do not freeze
Hot dogs and luncheon meats, unopened	2 weeks	1 to 2 months
Hot dogs and luncheon meats, opened	3 to 7 days	1 to 2 months
Ground meat and stew meat	1 to 2 days	3 to 4 months
Beef, lamb, veal, and pork chops	3 to 5 days	4 to 6 months
Cooked meat and poultry and casseroles	3 to 4 days	2 to 4 months
Cooked meat and poultry pieces in sauce	1 to 2 days	2 to 4 months
Whole poultry or poultry pieces	1 to 2 days	9 to 12 months
Pizza, leftover	3 to 4 days	1 to 2 months
Cheese, hard or grated	6 to 12 weeks	6 to 12 months
Milk	1 week	3 months
Yogurt	1 to 2 weeks	1 to 2 months

